



BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAMPURA, DELHI
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - 2
GEOGRAPHY
CLASS – X
LIFELINES OF NATIONAL ECONOMY

Q.1. Short Answer Type Questions

1. Which National Highway is called Shershah Suri Marg?

2 Which states are connected by H.V.J pipeline?

3. Which river is declared as National Waterway No.1?

4. What is Balance of Trade?

5. Distinguish between metallic and non-metallic roads in India? (1)

METALLIC ROADS	NON-METALLIC ROADS

6. Why is international trade called as the economic barometer of a country? (1)

7. Which port caters to the need for export of iron ore from Kudremukh mines? (1)

8. Name two tidal ports. (1)

9. Distinguish between favourable and unfavourable balance of trade? (1)

Q.2. Describe super highways with special reference to its objectives and salient features. (3)

Q.3. Give a brief description of national highways in India. (3)

Q.4. What is road density? Describe the density of roads in India. (3)

Q.5. Describe three factors for each of the following: (3)

a. Development of dense network of railway in the north Indian plains. (1.5)

b. Very few railway lines in Himalayan and North-eastern region. (1.5)

Q.6. How can you say that pipeline is an important arrival on the transportation map of India? (3 points) (3)

Q.7. Explain the waterways that have been declared as national waterways by the government? (3)

Q.8. Observe the given picture carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Q.10. What is meant by trade? Differentiate between local and international trade. (3)

Q.11. “Road transport in India is not competitive but complimentary to railways.” Justify the statement by giving three supporting arguments? (3)

Q.12. “Various means of transports & communication are called the lifelines of our nation and its modern economy.” Justify the statement with 4 supportive arguments. (4)

Q.14.(a) On the political map of India locate the major ports with appropriate symbol and label them: Kandla, Mumbai, Jawahar Lal Nehru, Marmagao, New Mangalore, Kochi, Tuticorin, Chennai, Vishakhapatnam, Paradip, Haldia and Kolkata

(b) On the outline political map of India locate and label the international airports of India with appropriate symbol:
Amritsar (Raja Sansi), Delhi (Indira Gandhi International);
Mumbai (Chhatrapati Shivaji), Thiruvananthapuram (Nedimbacherry) ; Chennai (Meenam Bakkam), Kolkata (Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose) and Hyderabad

Q.15. On the given political map of India, identify the following:
a) important cities marked as 1,2,3,4 on North-south corridor
b) important cities marked as 5,6,7,8 on East-west corridor

